Maths- Y13A

MAGHULL HIGH SCHOOL – CURRICULUM MAP



HALF TERM 1 SEPT - OCT	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8			
TOPIC (S):-Pure	Binomial theorem, sequences and series.	Binomial theorem, sequences and series.	Functions and Transformations	Functions and Transformations	Trigonometry and circular measure.	Trigonometry and circular measure.	Revision and Assessment			
:-Statistics	Statistical Sampling	Statistical Sampling	Statistical Sampling	Data presentation and interpretation	Data presentation and interpretation	Data presentation and interpretation				
:-Mechanics	Vectors	Vectors	Vectors	Vectors	Vectors	Vectors				
Knowledge & Skills development	Pure	Understand and use the binomial expansion of $(a + bx)^n$. Extend to any rational n, including its use for approximation, be aware that the expansion is valid for $ bx/a < 1$. Understand and work with modulus notation. Understand and use sigma notation for sums of series. Work with sequences including those given by a formula for the nth term and those generated by a simple relation of the form $xn+1=f(xn)$; increasing sequences; decreasing sequences; periodic sequences. Understand and work with geometric sequences and series including the formulae for the nth term and the sum of a finite geometric series; the sum to infinity of a convergent geometric series, including the use of $ r < 1$. Work with radian measure, including use for arc length and area of sector. Understand and use the standard small angle approximations of sine, cosine and tangent: $\sin \theta \approx \theta$; $\cos \theta \approx 1 - \theta^2/2$; $\tan \theta \approx \theta$ where θ is in radians. Know and use exact values of sin and $\cos \theta$ for 0, $\pi/6$, $\pi/4$, $\pi/3$ and π and multiples thereof.								
	Statistics	Understand and use the terms 'population' and 'sample'. Use samples to make informal inferences about the population. Understand and use sampling techniques, including simple random sampling and opportunity sampling Select or review sampling techniques in the context of solving a statistical problem, including understanding that different samples can lead to different conclusions about the population.								
	Mechanics	Use vectors in two dimensions. Calculate the magnitude and direction of a vector and convert between component form and magnitude/direction form. Add vectors diagrammatically and perform the algebraic operations of vector addition and multiplication by scalars, and understand their geometrical interpretations. Understand and use position vectors; calculate the distance between two points represented by position vectors. Use vectors to solve problems in pure mathematics and in context, including forces.								

Assessment /	Topic assessments	Self-assessment	Homework	Formative teacher	Retrieval practice					
Feedback		sheets		assessment - verbal						
Opportunities										
Cultural Capital	•	Tolerance and respect for peers and mathematicians								
		Democracy: allowing all to speak and voice views								
SMSC / Promoting	•	Tolerance and respect for peers and mathematicians								
British Values (Democracy, Liberty, Rule of Law, Tolerance &		Democracy: allowing all to speak and voice views								
Respect)										
Reading		Fermat's Last Theorem								
opportunities		History of computer programming								
		History of Florence Nightingale								
Key Vocabulary		Indices, Surds, Manipulate, Rationalise, Factorise, discriminant, Population, sample, Magnitude, Forces								
Digital Literacy		Demos for graphing. Geogebra.								
Careers		Engineer, Statistician, Business- manager, Market research. Computer Programmer, Video game development.								